

# **GIT**

## **VERSION CONTROL AND WHY WE NEED IT**

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# THE PLAN

Things we will be covering:

- What is version control?
- What is Git?
- Distributed & Non-centric
- Making a commit
- Pushing & Pulling
- Branching
- Merging
- *Workshop Component*
- Github
- Why use Github?
- Pull Requests
- *Workshop Component*
- End

# WHAT IS VERSION CONTROL?

- Used to manage different versions of files
- Allows you to share versions between different computers
- All modern software companies use version control
- Version control is hard, but worth it once you know it

# WHAT IS GIT?

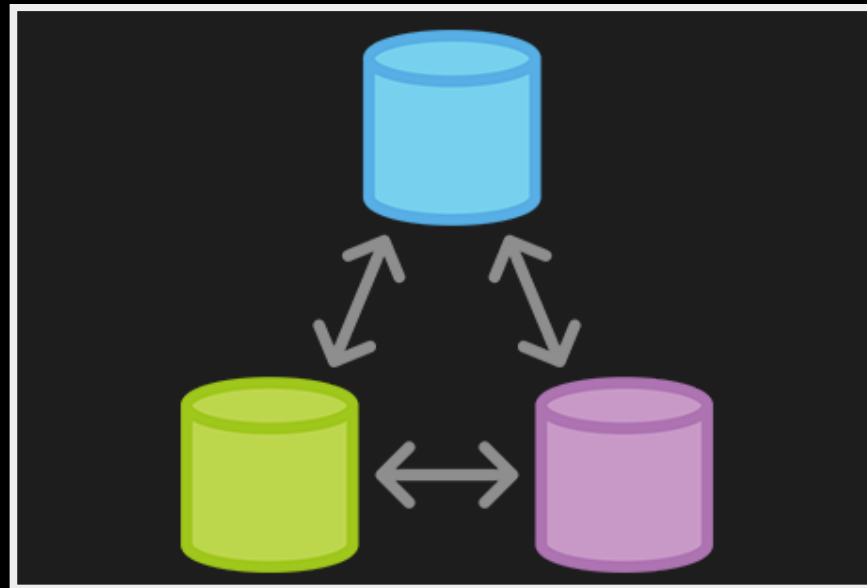
- Version control at its best
- Created by the inventor of Linux
- Quickly replaced outdated systems like SVN
- Likely the most common version control system today

# MAKING A COMMIT

- A *repository* is a set of files that Git is managing
- A *commit* creates a snapshot of the current state
- Git records your snapshot as a list of changes

# DISTRIBUTED & NON-CENTRIC

- Each person has their own copy of the repository
- Each person has everyone else's commits
- Everyone shares their commits between each other

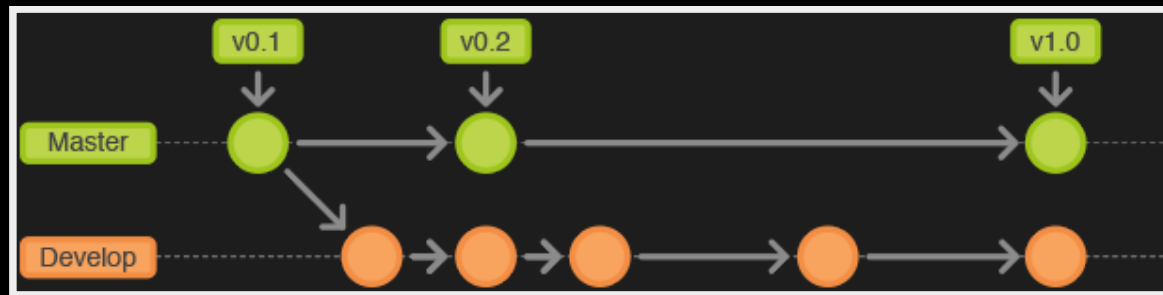


# PUSHING & PULLING

- *Pushing* is giving someone your commits
- *Pulling* is getting someone else's commits
- A person will push and pull to *remotes*

# BRANCHING

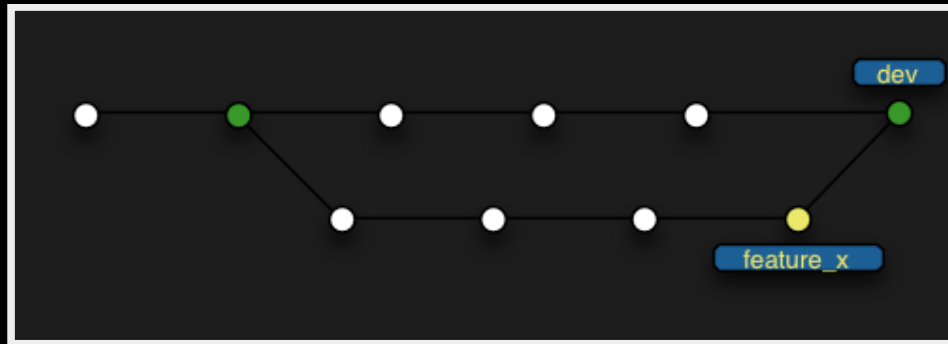
- A *branch* is a split in the line of commits
- Branches behave like branches on a tree
- Everyones branches are uniquely identified by the remote





# MERGING

- Branches can *merge* back into each other
- Git will look at the changes, and correctly put it all together



# STANDARD WORKFLOW

1. Pull new commits on your main branch
2. Make a branch off of the main branch
3. Add some commits to your new branch
4. Merge your branch into the main branch
5. Push the commits in the main branch

# WORKSHOPPIN'

<http://bit.ly/1uMV6CA>

# GITHUB

- Github is a web interface for Git
- Github is just like any person's computer



# WHY USE GITHUB?

- By centralizing, we simplify
- Github has a pretty web interface
- Github builds additional features on top of Git

# FORKING

- You can completely copy an entire repository
- Having your own repository allows you to have a 'playground'
- Github will allow you to merge across repositories

# PULL REQUESTS

- A pull request is a "request to merge" two branches
- Pull requests can be commented on, denied/accepted, etc..
- Github will preform the merge for you

# STANDARD GITHUB WORKFLOW

1. Fork a repository
2. Checkout your forked repository
3. Create a new branch in the repository
4. Add some commits
5. Push your branch to your forked repository
6. Create a pull request to the main repository
7. Someone reviews your pull request
8. Pull request gets approved



# WORKSHOPPIN'

<http://bit.ly/1nBpEtK>

# END

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